

Vector Signal Generators

SG390 Series — DC to 2 GHz, 4 GHz and 6 GHz vector signal generators



SG390 Series Vector Signal Generators

- **DC to 2 GHz, 4 GHz or 6 GHz**
- **Dual baseband arb generators**
- **Vector and analog modulation**
- **I/Q modulation inputs (300 MHz RF BW)**
- **ASK, FSK, MSK, PSK, QAM, VSB, and custom I/Q**
- **Presets for GSM, EDGE, W-CDMA, APCO-25, DECT, NADC, PDC, ATSC-DTV & TETRA**
- **GPIB, RS-232 & Ethernet interfaces**

Introducing the new SG390 Series Vector Signal Generators — high performance, affordable RF sources.

Three new RF Signal Generators, with carrier frequencies from DC to 2.025 GHz, 4.050 GHz and 6.075 GHz, support both analog and vector modulation. The instruments utilize a new RF synthesis technique which provides spur free outputs with low phase noise (-116 dBc/Hz at 1 GHz) and extraordinary frequency resolution (1 µHz at any frequency). Both analog modulation and vector baseband generators are included as standard features.

The instruments use an ovenized SC-cut oscillator as the standard timebase, providing a 100 fold improvement in the stability (and a 100 fold reduction in the in-close phase noise) compared to instruments which use a TCXO timebase.

A New Frequency Synthesis Technique

The SG390 Series Signal Generators are based on a new frequency synthesis technique called Rational Approximation Frequency Synthesis (RAFS). RAFS uses small integer divisors in a conventional phase-locked loop (PLL) to synthesize a frequency that would be close to the desired frequency (typically within ±100 ppm) using the nominal PLL reference frequency. The PLL reference frequency, which is sourced by a voltage controlled crystal oscillator that is phase locked to a dithered direct digital synthesizer, is adjusted so that the PLL generates the exact frequency. Doing so provides a high phase comparison frequency (typically 25 MHz)

yielding low phase noise while moving the PLL reference spurs far from the carrier where they can be easily removed. The end result is an agile RF source with low phase noise, essentially infinite frequency resolution, without the spurs of fractional-N synthesis or the cost of a YIG oscillator.

Analog Modulation

The SG390 Signal Generators offer a wide variety of modulation capabilities. Modes include amplitude modulation (AM), frequency modulation (FM), phase modulation (PM), and pulse modulation. There is an internal modulation source as well as an external modulation input. The internal modulation source produces sine, ramp, saw, square, and noise waveforms. An external modulation signal may be applied to the rear-panel modulation input. The internal modulation generator is available as an output on the rear panel.

Unlike traditional analog signal generators, the SG390 Series can sweep continuously from DC to 62.5 MHz. And for frequencies above 62.5 MHz, each sweep range covers more than an octave.

Vector Modulation

The SG390 series builds upon this performance by adding full support for vector signal modulation on RF carriers between 400 MHz and 6.075 GHz. It features a dual, arbitrary waveform generator operating at 125 MHz for baseband signal generation. The generator has built-in support for the most common vector modulation schemes: ASK, QPSK, DQPSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK, 8PSK, FSK, CPM, QAM (4 to 256), 8VSB, and 16VSB. It also includes built-in support for all the standard pulse shaping filters used in digital communications: raised cosine, root-raised cosine, Gaussian, rectangular, triangular, and more. Lastly, it provides direct support for the controlled injection of additive white Gaussian noise (AWGN) into the signal path.

Internal baseband generators

Using a novel architecture for I/Q modulation, the SG390 series provides quick, user-friendly waveform generation. The baseband generator supports the playback of pure digital data. It automatically maps digital symbols into a selected I/Q constellation at symbol rates of up to 6 MHz and passes the result through the selected pulse shaping filter to generate a final waveform updated in real time at 125 MHz. This baseband signal is then modulated onto an RF carrier using standard IQ modulation techniques.

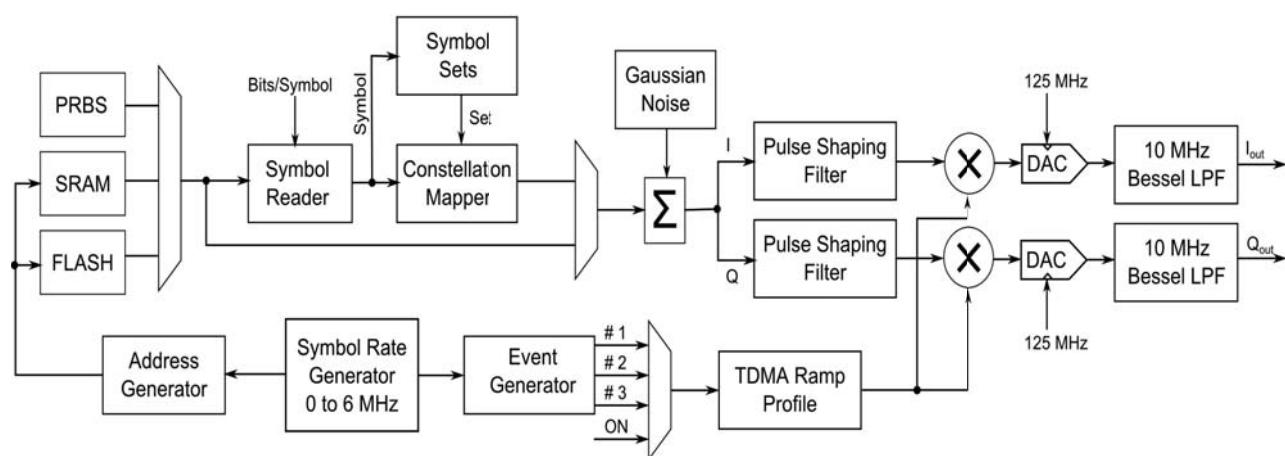
Preset communications protocols (GSM, GSM EDGE, W-CDMA, APCO-25, DECT, NADC, PDC, TETRA, and ATSC DTV) quickly configure the signal generator to the correct modulation type, symbol data rates, TDMA duty cycles and digital waveform filters. The preset protocols also configure the rear-panel TDMA, START of FRAME, and SYMBOL CLOCK digital outputs. The baseband generators can be configured for these protocols without the use of external computers or third party software.

The I/Q waveforms are computed in real time. Symbols are mapped to constellations, digitally filtered, and up-sampled to 125 Msps to drive the I/Q modulator via dual 14-bit DACs. The symbols can be a fixed pattern, PRBS data from an internal source, or come from a downloaded user list of up to 16 Mbits. The constellation mapping can be modified by the user. Digital filters include Nyquist, root Nyquist, Gaussian, rectangular, linear, sinc, and user-defined FIR.

External I/Q Modulation

The rear-panel BNC I/Q modulation inputs and outputs enable arbitrary vector modulation via an external source. The external signal path supports more than 300 MHz of bandwidth with a full scale range of ± 0.5 V and a $50\ \Omega$ input impedance.

Baseband Dual Arbitrary Waveform Generator for IQ Modulation



SG390 Series Vector Signal Generators

Power vs Frequency

All SRS RF signal generators have cascaded stages of amplifiers and digital attenuators to drive the RF output. Five stages can provide up to +25 dB of gain to -130 dB of attenuation in 156 digitally controlled steps. During factory calibration the output power is measured at 32 frequencies per octave for each of the 156 attenuator steps to populate a memory matrix with about 40,000 elements. When set to a particular frequency and power, the instrument interpolates between these matrix elements to determine the best attenuator setting. An analog attenuator is used to provide 0.01 dB resolution between matrix elements and to compensate for residual thermal effects.

This method eliminates the need for precision attenuators and automatic level controls (ALC) without any sacrifice in performance. Eliminating the ALC also removes its unwanted interactions with amplitude, pulse and I/Q modulation.

OCXO or Rubidium Timebase

The SG390 Series come with a oven-controlled crystal oscillator (OCXO) timebase. The timebase uses a third-overtone stress-compensated 10 MHz resonator in a thermostatically controlled oven. The timebase provides very low phase noise and very low aging. An optional rubidium oscillator (Opt. 04) may be ordered to substantially reduce frequency aging and improve temperature stability. An external 10 MHz timebase reference may be supplied to the rear-panel timebase input.

Easy Communication

Remote operation is supported with GPIB, RS-232 and Ethernet interfaces. All instrument functions can be controlled and read over any of the interfaces. Up to nine instrument configurations can be saved in non-volatile memory.

Ordering Information

SG392	2 GHz signal generator
SG394	4 GHz signal generator
SG396	6 GHz signal generator
Option 04	Rubidium timebase
RM2U-S	Single rack mount kit
RM2U-D	Dual rack mount kit



SG394 rear panel

SG390 Series Specifications (Analog)

Frequency Setting

Frequency ranges	<i>DC to 62.5 MHz (BNC output, all models)</i>
SG392	950 kHz to 2.025 GHz (N-type output)
SG394	950 kHz to 4.05 GHz (N-type output)
SG396	950 kHz to 6.075 GHz (N-type output)
Frequency resolution	1 μHz at any frequency
Switching speed	<8 ms (to within 1 ppm)
Frequency error	$\leq(10^{-18} + \text{timebase error}) \times f_c$
Frequency stability	1×10^{-11} (1 s Allan variance)

Front-Panel BNC Output

Frequency range	DC to 62.5 MHz
Amplitude	1.00 Vrms to 0.001 Vrms
Offset	±1.5 VDC
Offset resolution	5 mV
Max. excursion	1.817 V (amplitude + offset)
Amplitude resolution	<1%
Amplitude accuracy	±5%
Harmonics	<-40 dBc
Spurious	<-75 dBc
Output coupling	DC, 50 Ω ±2%
User load	50 Ω
Reverse protection	±5 VDC

Front-Panel N-Type Output

Frequency range	950 kHz to 2.025 GHz
SG392	950 kHz to 4.050 GHz
SG394	950 kHz to 6.075 GHz
Power output	+16.5 dBm to -110 dBm
SG392	+16.5 dBm to -110 dBm (<3 GHz)
SG394	+16.5 dBm to -110 dBm (<4 GHz)
Voltage output	1.5 Vrms to 0.7 μVrms
SG392	1.5 Vrms to 0.7 μVrms (<3 GHz)
SG394	1.5 Vrms to 0.7 μVrms (<4 GHz)
SG396	0.01 dBm
Power resolution	±1 dB
Power accuracy	AC, 50 Ω
Output coupling	50 Ω
User load	50 Ω
VSWR	<1.6
Reverse protection	30 VDC, +25 dBm RF

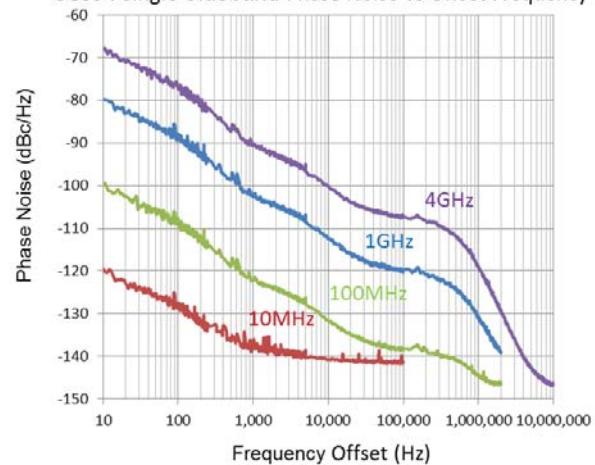
Spectral Purity of the RF Output Referenced to 1 GHz*

Sub harmonics	None
Harmonics	<-25 dBc (<+7 dBm, N-type output)
Spurious	<-25 dBc (<+7 dBm, N-type output)
<10 kHz offset	<-65 dBc
>10 kHz offset	<-75 dBc
Phase noise (typ.)	
10 Hz offset	-80 dBc/Hz
1 kHz offset	-102 dBc/Hz
20 kHz offset	-116 dBc/Hz (SG392 & SG394)
	-114 dBc/Hz (SG396)
1 MHz offset	-130 dBc/Hz (SG392 & SG394)
	-124 dBc/Hz (SG396)

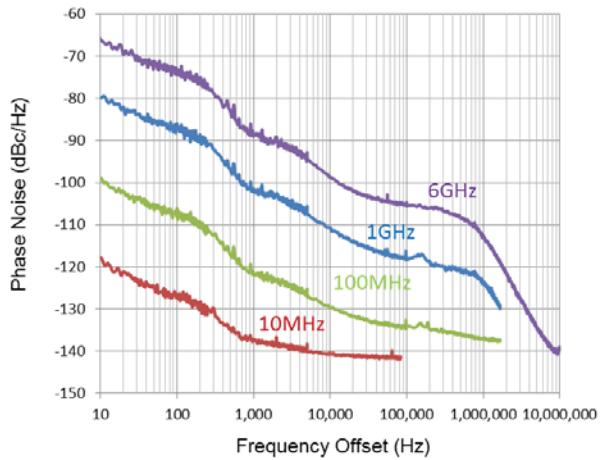
Residual FM (typ.) 1 Hz rms (300 Hz to 3 kHz BW)
 Residual AM (typ.) 0.006% rms (300 Hz to 3 kHz BW)

* Spurs, phase noise and residual FM scale by 6 dB/octave to other carrier frequencies

SG394 Single Sideband Phase Noise vs Offset Frequency



SG396 Single Sideband Phase Noise vs Offset Frequency



Phase Setting on Front-Panel Outputs

Max. phase step	±360°
Phase resolution	0.01° (DC to 100 MHz)
	0.1° (100 MHz to 1 GHz)
	1.0° (1 GHz to 8.1 GHz)

Standard OCXO Timebase

Oscillator type	Oven controlled, 3 rd OT, SC-cut crystal
Stability (0 to 45 °C)	<±0.002 ppm
Aging	<±0.05 ppm/year

SG390 Series Specifications (Analog)

Rubidium Timebase (Opt. 04)

Oscillator type	Oven controlled, 3 rd OT, SC-cut crystal
Physics package	Rubidium vapor frequency discriminator
Stability (0 to 45 °C)	<±0.0001 ppm
Aging	<±0.001 ppm/year

Timebase Input

Frequency	10 MHz, ±2 ppm
Amplitude	0.5 to 4 Vpp (-2 dBm to +16 dBm)
Input impedance	50 Ω, AC coupled

Timebase Output

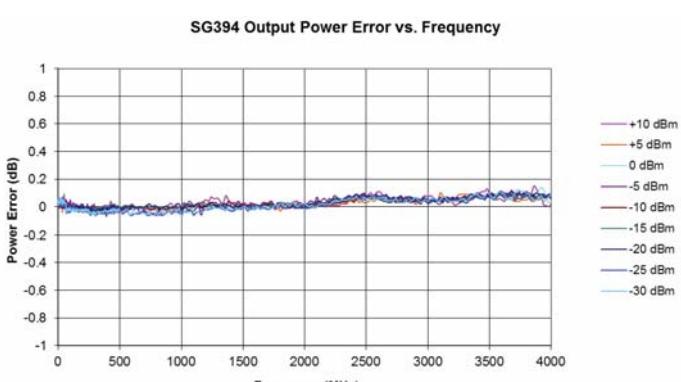
Frequency	10 MHz, sine
Source	50 Ω, DC transformer coupled
Amplitude	1.75 Vpp ±10% (8.8 dBm±1 dBm)

Output Power Error

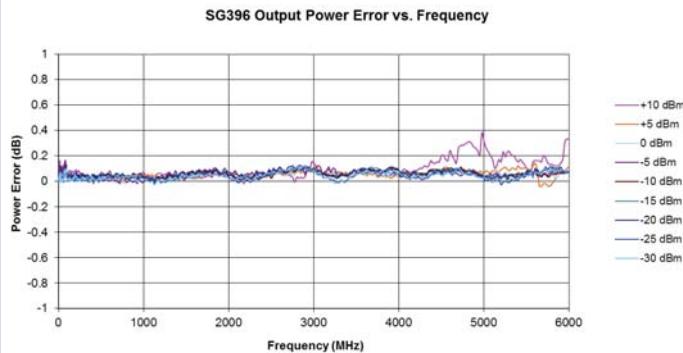
SG392 power error (-30 dBm to +10 dBm, DC to 2 GHz)



SG394 power error (-30 dBm to +10 dBm, DC to 4 GHz)



SG396 power error (-30 dBm to +10 dBm, DC to 6 GHz)



Internal Modulation Source

Waveforms	Sine, ramp, saw, square, pulse, noise
Sine THD	-80 dBc (typ. at 20 kHz)
Ramp linearity	<0.05% (1 kHz)
Rate	1 μHz to 500 kHz (f _C ≤ 62.5 MHz (SG392 & SG394)) (f _C ≤ 93.75 MHz (SG396))
Rate resolution	1 μHz to 50 kHz (f _C > 62.5 MHz (SG392 & SG394)) (f _C > 93.75 MHz (SG396))
Rate error	1:2 ³¹ + timebase error
Noise function	White Gaussian noise (rms = dev / 5)
Noise bandwidth	1 μHz < ENBW < 50 kHz
Pulse generator period	1 μs to 10 s
Pulse generator width	100 ns to 9999.999 ms
Pulse timing resolution	5 ns
Pulse noise function	PRBS 2 ⁵ – 2 ¹⁹ . Bit period (100 + 5N) ns

Modulation Waveform Output

Output impedance	50 Ω (for reverse termination)
User load	Unterminated 50 Ω coax
AM, FM, ΦM	±1 V for ± full deviation
Pulse/Blank	“Low” = 0 V, “High” = 3.3 VDC

External Modulation Input

Modes	AM, FM, ΦM, Pulse, Blank
Unmodulated level	0 V input for unmodulated carrier
AM, FM, ΦM	±1 V input for ± full deviation
Modulation bandwidth	>100 kHz
Modulation distortion	<-60 dB
Input impedance	100 kΩ
Input offset	<500 μV
Pulse/Blank threshold	+1 VDC

SG390 Series Specifications (Analog)

Amplitude Modulation

Range	0 to 100 % (decreases above +7 dBm)
Resolution	0.1 %
Modulation source	Internal or external
Modulation distortion	
BNC output	<1 % ($f_C < 62.5 \text{ MHz}$, $f_M = 1 \text{ kHz}$)
N-type output	<3 % ($f_C > 62.5 \text{ MHz}$, $f_M = 1 \text{ kHz}$)
Modulation bandwidth	>100 kHz

Frequency Modulation

Frequency deviation	
Minimum	0.1 Hz
Maximum (SG392 & SG394)	
$f_C \leq 62.5 \text{ MHz}$	Smaller of f_C or 64 MHz - f_C
$62.5 \text{ MHz} < f_C \leq 126.5625 \text{ MHz}$	1 MHz
$126.5625 \text{ MHz} < f_C \leq 253.125 \text{ MHz}$	2 MHz
$253.125 \text{ MHz} < f_C \leq 506.25 \text{ MHz}$	4 MHz
$506.25 \text{ MHz} < f_C \leq 1.0125 \text{ GHz}$	8 MHz
$1.0125 \text{ GHz} < f_C \leq 2.025 \text{ GHz}$	16 MHz
$2.025 \text{ GHz} < f_C \leq 4.050 \text{ GHz}$ (SG394)	32 MHz
Maximum (SG396)	
$f_C \leq 93.75 \text{ MHz}$	Smaller of f_C or 96 MHz - f_C
$93.75 \text{ MHz} < f_C \leq 189.84375 \text{ MHz}$	1 MHz
$189.8437 \text{ MHz} < f_C \leq 379.6875 \text{ MHz}$	2 MHz
$379.6875 \text{ MHz} < f_C \leq 759.375 \text{ MHz}$	4 MHz
$759.375 \text{ MHz} < f_C \leq 1.51875 \text{ GHz}$	8 MHz
$1.51875 \text{ GHz} < f_C \leq 3.0375 \text{ GHz}$	16 MHz
$3.0375 \text{ GHz} < f_C \leq 6.075 \text{ GHz}$	32 MHz
Deviation resolution	0.1 Hz
Deviation accuracy	<0.1 % ($f_C \leq 62.5 \text{ MHz}$ (SG392 & SG394)) ($f_C \leq 93.75 \text{ MHz}$ (SG396))) <3 % ($f_C > 62.5 \text{ MHz}$ (SG392 & SG394)) ($f_C > 93.75 \text{ MHz}$ (SG396)))
Modulation source	Internal or external
Modulation distortion	<-60 dB ($f_C = 100 \text{ MHz}$, $f_M = 1 \text{ kHz}$)
Ext. FM carrier offset	<1:1,000 of deviation
Modulation bandwidth	500 kHz ($f_C \leq 62.5 \text{ MHz}$ (SG392 & SG394)) ($f_C \leq 93.75 \text{ MHz}$ (SG396))) 100 kHz ($f_C > 62.5 \text{ MHz}$ (SG392 & SG394)) ($f_C > 93.75 \text{ MHz}$ (SG396)))

Frequency Sweeps (Phase Continuous)

Frequency span	10 Hz to entire sweep range
Sweep ranges	
SG392 & SG394	DC to 64 MHz 59.375 MHz to 128.125 MHz 118.75 MHz to 256.25 MHz 237.5 MHz to 512.5 MHz 475 MHz to 1025 MHz 950 MHz to 2050 MHz 1900 MHz to 4100 MHz (SG394)

SG396

Deviation resolution	DC to 96 MHz
Sweep source	89.0625 MHz to 192.188 MHz
Sweep distortion	178.125 MHz to 384.375 MHz
Sweep offset	356.25 MHz to 768.75 MHz
Sweep function	712.5 MHz to 1537.5 MHz
	1425 MHz to 3075 MHz
	2850 MHz to 6150 MHz
	0.1 Hz
	Internal or external
	<0.1 Hz + (deviation / 1,000)
	<1:1,000 of deviation
	Triangle, ramp or sine up to 120 Hz

Phase Modulation

Deviation	0 to 360°
Deviation resolution	0.01° to 100 MHz, 0.1° to 1 GHz, 1° above 1 GHz
Deviation accuracy	<0.1 % ($f_C \leq 62.5 \text{ MHz}$ (SG392 & SG394)) ($f_C \leq 93.75 \text{ MHz}$ (SG396))) <3 % ($f_C > 62.5 \text{ MHz}$ (SG392 & SG394)) ($f_C > 93.75 \text{ MHz}$ (SG396)))
Modulation source	Internal or external
Modulation distortion	<-60 dB ($f_C = 100 \text{ MHz}$, $f_M = 1 \text{ kHz}$, $\Phi_D = 50^\circ$)
Modulation bandwidth	500 kHz ($f_C > 62.5 \text{ MHz}$ (SG392 & SG394)) ($f_C > 93.75 \text{ MHz}$ (SG396))) 100 kHz ($f_C > 62.5 \text{ MHz}$ (SG392 & SG394)) ($f_C > 93.75 \text{ MHz}$ (SG396)))

Pulse/Blank Modulation

Pulse mode	Logic "High" turns RF "on"
Blank mode	Logic "High" turns RF "off"
On/Off ratio	
BNC output	70 dB
Type-N output	57 dB ($f_C \leq 1 \text{ GHz}$) 40 dB ($1 \text{ GHz} \leq f_C < 4 \text{ GHz}$) 35 dB ($f_C \geq 4 \text{ GHz}$)
Pulse feed-through	10 % of carrier for 20 ns at turn on (typ.)
Turn on/off delay	60 ns
RF rise/fall time	20 ns
Modulation source	Internal or external pulse

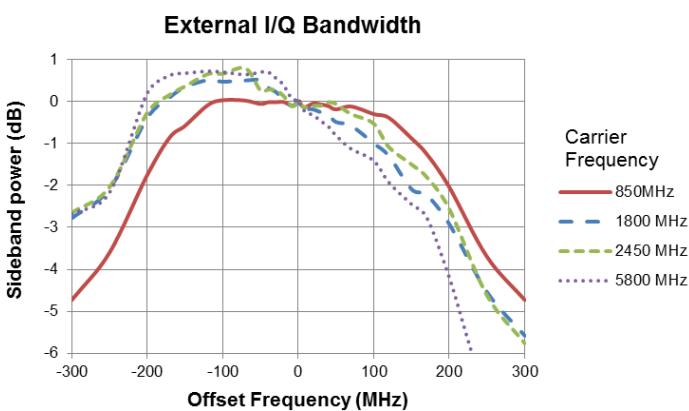
General

Ethernet (LAN)	10/100 Base-T, TCP/IP & DHCP default
GPIO	IEEE488.2
RS-232	4800 to 115,200 baud, RTS/CTS flow
Line power	<90 W, 90 to 264 VAC, 47 to 63 Hz w/ PFC
Dimensions, weight	8.5" x 3.5" x 13" (WHD)
Weight	10 lbs.
Warranty	One year parts and labor on defects in materials and workmanship

SG390 Series Specifications (Vector)

External I/Q Modulation

Carrier frequency range	400 MHz to 2.025 GHz (SG392)
	400 MHz to 4.05 GHz (SG394)
	400 MHz to 6.075 GHz (SG396)
I/Q inputs	50 Ω, ±0.5 V (rear panel)
I/Q full scale input	(I ² + Q ²) ^{1/2} = 0.5 V
Modulation bandwidth	300 MHz RF bandwidth
I or Q input offset	<500 μV
Carrier suppression	>40 dBc (>35 dBc above 4 GHz)



Dual Baseband Generator (for Vector I/Q Modulation)

Channels	2 (I and Q)
DAC data format	Dual 14-bit at 125 MS/s
Reconstruction filter	10 MHz, 3rd order Bessel LPF
Arb symbol memory	Up to 16 Mbits
Symbol rate	1 Hz to 6 MHz (1 μHz resolution)
Symbol length	1 to 9 bits (maps to constellation)
Symbol mapping	Default or user-defined constellation
Symbol source	User-defined symbols, built-in PRBS generator, or settable pattern generator
PRBS length	2 ⁿ - 1 (5 < n < 32) (31 to about 4.3×10^9 symbols)
Pattern Generator	16 bits
Digital Filtering	Nyquist, Root Nyquist, Gaussian, Rectangular, Linear, Sinc, User FIR
Filter type	24 symbols
Filter length	
Noise Impairments	White, Gaussian
Additive noise Level	-70 dBc to -10 dBc (band limited by digital filter)

Vector Modulation

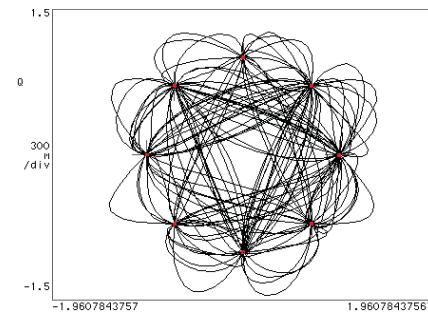
Modulation type	PSK, QAM, FSK, CPM, MSK, ASK, VSB
PSK derivatives	PSK, BPSK, QPSK, OQPSK, DQPSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK, 8 PSK, 16 PSK, $3\pi/8$ 8 PSK
QAM derivatives	4, 16, 32, 64, 256
FSK derivatives	1-bit to 4-bit with deviations from 0 to 6 MHz
ASK derivatives	1-bit to 4-bit
CMP derivatives	1-bit to 4-bit with modulation indices from 0 to 1.0
VSB derivatives	8 and 16 (at rates to 12 MS/s) GSM, GSM-EDGE, W-CDMA, APCO-25, DECT, NADC, PDC, TETRA, ATSC DTV, and audio clip (analog AM and FM)
Preset modes	

Rear-Panel Markers

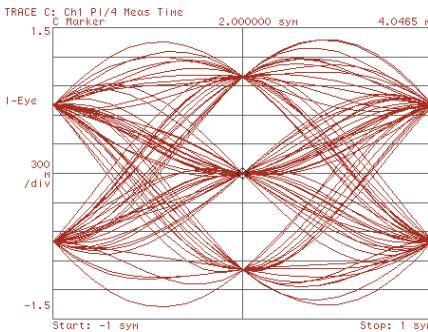
Type	Symbol Clock, Data Frame, TDMA, and user-defined
Amplitude	0.5 to 4 Vpp (-2 dBm to +16 dBm)
Output impedance	50 Ω, AC coupled

EVM or FSK Errors

TETRA	$(\pi/4 \text{ Diff Quad PSK}, 24.3 \text{ kS/s}, 420 \text{ MHz})$
EVM (typ.)	0.76 % (0 dBm)



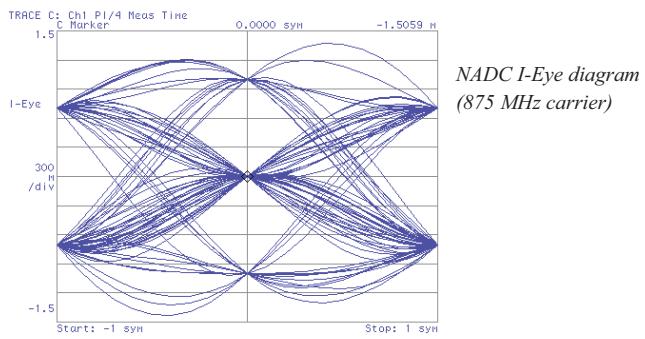
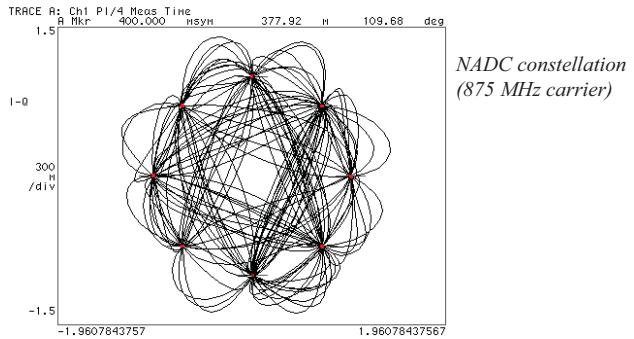
TETRA constellation
(420 MHz carrier)



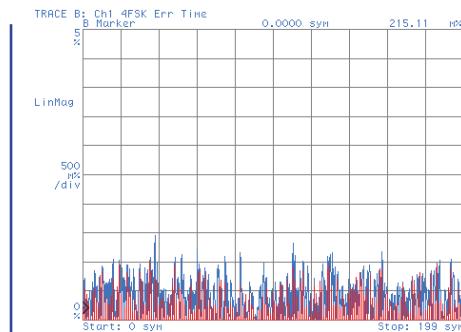
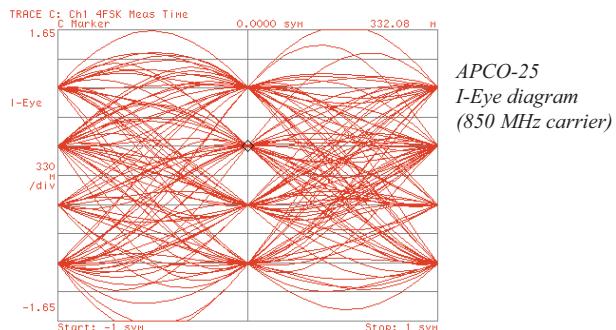
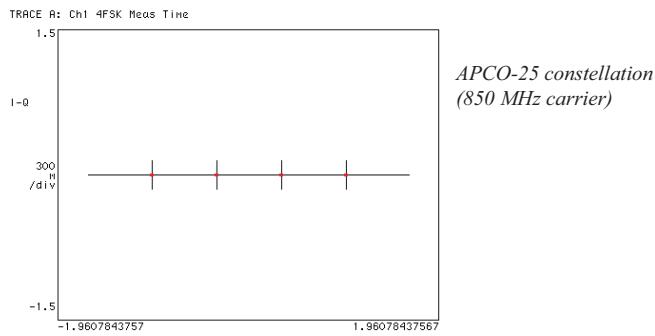
TETRA I-EYE diagram
(420 MHz carrier)

SG390 Series Specifications (Vector)

NADC ($\pi/4$ Diff Quad PSK, 24.3 kS/s, 875 MHz)
 EVM (typ.) 0.33 % (0 dBm)

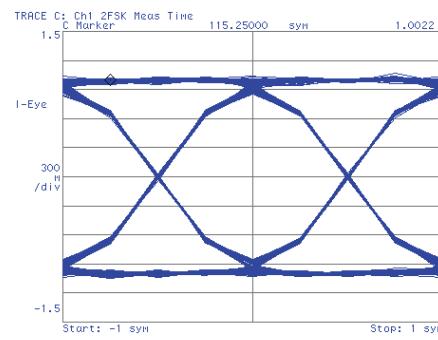
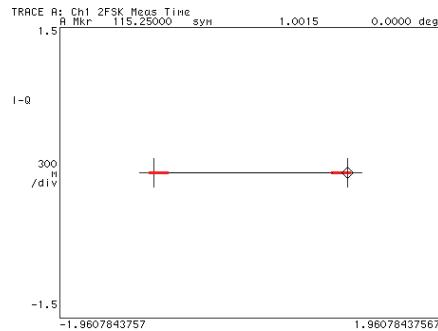


APCO-25 (FSK4-C4FM, 4.8 kS/s, 850 MHz)
 FSK error (typ.) 0.46 % (0 dBm)

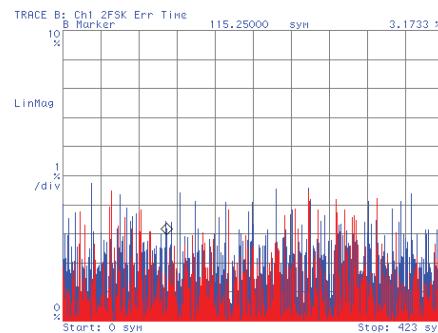


*APCO-25
FSK error for each symbol*

DECT (FSK2, 1.152 Mbps, 1.925 GHz)
 FSK error (typ.) 1.5 % (0 dBm)

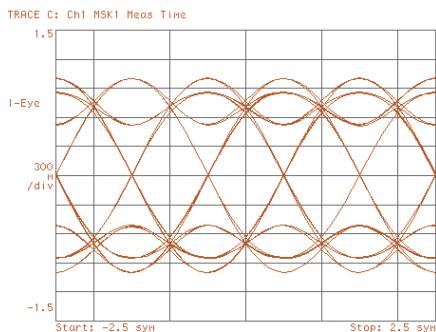
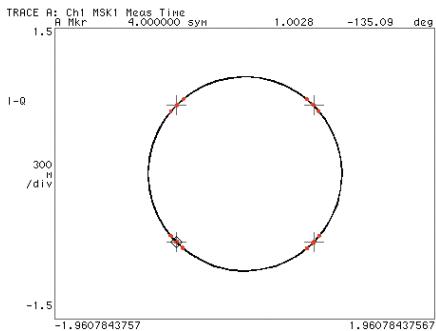


DECT error for each symbol

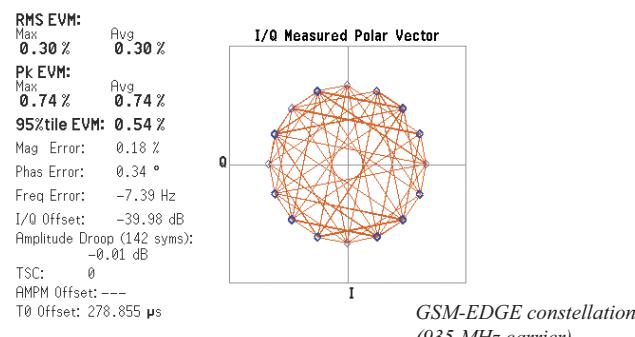


SG390 Series Specifications (Vector)

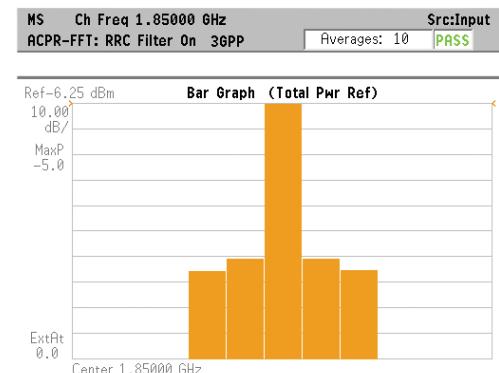
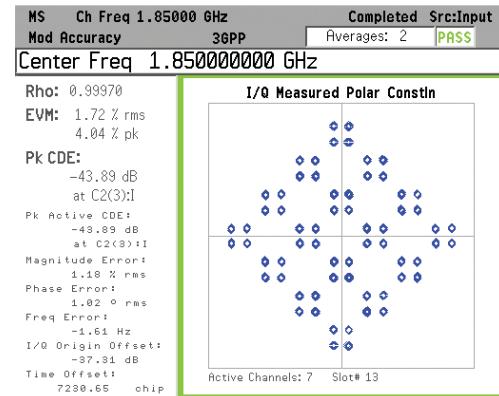
GSM	(GMSK, 270.833 kS/s, 935 MHz)
EVM (typ.)	0.3 % (0 dBm)
GSM	(GMSK, 270.833 kS/s, 1.932 GHz)
EVM (typ.)	0.6 % (0 dBm)



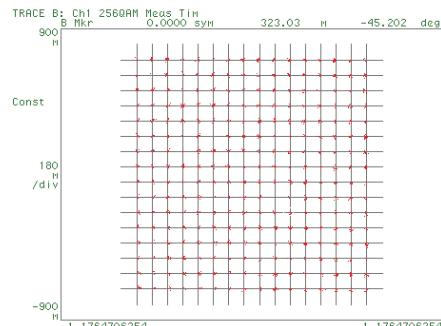
GSM-EDGE	($3\pi/8$ 8PSK, 270.833 kS/s, 935 MHz)
EVM (typ.)	0.3 % (0 dBm)
GSM-EDGE	($3\pi/8$ 8PSK, 270.833 kS/s, 1.932 GHz)
EVM (typ.)	0.5 % (0 dBm)



W-CDMA	(QPSK, 3.840 Mcps, 1.850 GHz)
EVM (typ.)	1.7 % (0 dBm)



QAM256	(6 MS/s, 2.450 GHz)
EVM (typ.)	1.1 % (0 dBm)



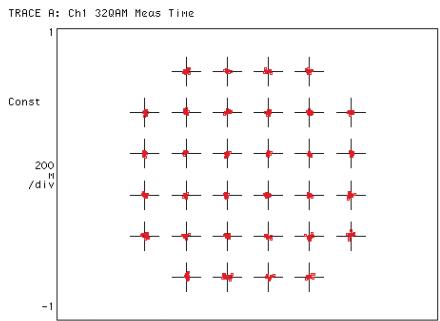
TRACE D: Ch1 256QAM Symbs/Err 0.00000 sym 157.00
EVM = 1.0329 % rms 2.6403 % pk at sym 5
Mag Err = 73.1274 Mdeg 2.3593 % pk at sym 1531
Phase Err = -127.74 deg -8.3521 deg pk at sym 548
Freq Err = -180.12 Hz SNR (MER) = 35.479 dB
I/Q Offset = -42.161 dB Gain (IMB) = 0.047 dB
Quad Skew = 931.56 Mdeg

SG390 Series Specifications (Vector)

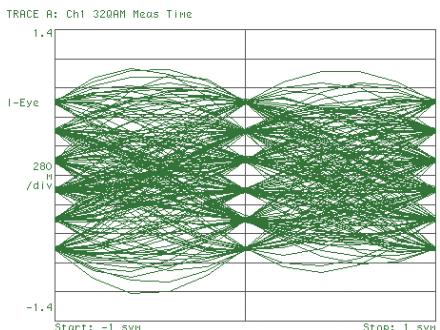
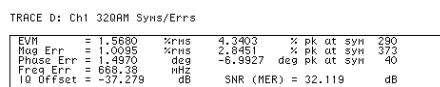
QAM32
EVM (typ.)

(6 MS/s, 5.800 GHz)

2.5 % (0 dBm)



*QAM32 constellation
(5.8 GHz carrier)*

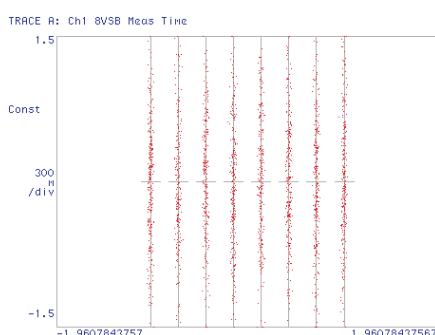


*QAM32 I-Eye diagram
(5.8 GHz carrier)*

ATSC-DTV
EVM (typ.)

(8 VSB, 10.762 MS/s, 695 MHz)

2.2 % (0 dBm)



*ATSC-DTV (8VSB) constellation
(695 MHz carrier)*

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